# OF HEALTH



#### DARLINGTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

1965

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\*Members of No. 10 Area Health Sub-Committee.

Clerk to the Council

J. PATTINSON.

## PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS AND STAFF OF THE LOCAL AUTHORITY

#### Medical Officer of Health

M. W. RODGERS, M.B., B.CH., B.A.O., D.P.H. Council Offices, Craig Lea, Uplands Road, Darlington.

Telephone Nos. Darlington 2852-3.

Chief Public Health Inspector and Surveyor

J. D. COLLINS, C.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Certified Meat and Food Inspector

Additional Public Health Inspector
D. G. WARDE, C.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.
Certified Meat and Food Inspector

Engineering Assistant
J. CUTHBERTSON

Sewage Works Manager W. SLEDMORE

**Building Inspector**A. G. OXBOROUGH

Chief Clerk and General Assistant M. READMAN

Shorthand Typists

MRS. P. LAMBELL MRS. M. H. METCALFE

Pupil Public Health Inspector
MISS C. CALTHORPE

#### ANNUAL REPORT, 1965

DARLINGTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting to you the 84th annual report on the health and sanitary circumstances of your district for the year 1965.

According to the Registrar General's mid-year estimate the population increased from 26,490 to 27,040. Vital statistics which afford a means of comparison between the health of a district in different years and the health of the rest of the country may be summed up as follows.

There was no change in the live birth rate which was 21.7 and this rate after adjustment was 18.0, the same as for England and Wales. The infant mortality rate dropped from 27.8 to 22.2 but was still above the national rate which was 19.0. All but one of the infant deaths were from prematurity or congenital malformations. The still birth rate showed a sharp decline from 30.35 to 6.8 and compares with a rate of 15.7 for England and Wales. The general death rate increased from 8.2 in 1964 to 9.3 giving a standardised rate of 13.7. The rate for England and Wales was 11.5.

As regards infectious disease, except for an increased incidence of measles there is nothing which calls for special comment. Preventive measures against infectious disease were continued. Vaccination against poliomyelitis, diphtheria and tetanus was offered in infant schools to all new entrants and Heaf testing was offered to the same children. B.C.G. vaccination was undertaken in the senior schools.

Residential accommodation is provided by the Local Health Authority for persons who by reason of age or infirmity, are in need of care and attention and the number of persons already in residence or on the waiting list is given in the report. It was not found necessary to take statutory action in any case and all admissions were voluntary.

Services provided in connection with environmental health were maintained and progress continued in the field of new and improved methods of sewerage and sewage disposal.

In conclusion I wish once again to express my thanks to the Council and the Clerk of the Council for their continued courtesy and to thank Mr. Collins and the staff of the Health Department for their assistance and co-operation throughout the year.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

M. W. RODGERS,
M.B., B.C.H., B.A.O., D.P.H.
Medical Officer of Health.

#### SECTION A.

#### GENERAL STATISTICS

Area of Rural District in acres	45,414
Resident population (including forces stationed in the area)	27,040
Total number of houses at 31st December, 1965 (including R.A.F. Married Quarters)	8,386
Number of inhabited houses (excluding R.A.F. Married Quarters at 1st April, 1965)	8,031
Rateable value at 1st April, 1965	£1,033,931
Sum represented by a penny rate	£4,099
General Rate (excluding additional items and special rates in certain parishes) made in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1966	10/-
	- 01

#### Social Conditions and Employment

During 1965 Darlington Rural District shared in the relatively high level of employment which was maintained in the Darlington and Aycliffe Employment Exchange areas throughout the year. The percentage rate of unemployment which was 1.7% in January fell during the summer months to 1.1% and, following the normal seasonal trend, rose to 1.6% in December, 1965.

The Aycliffe Industrial Estate, which includes the greater part of the industry of your Council's area, by the end of December, 1965, was employing 5,776 men and 2,517 women. This represents an increase of 367 men and 267 women during the year.

TABLE OF BIRTH AND DEATH RATES FOR RECENT YEARS AS COMPARED WITH ENGLAND AND WALES

	Ś															
England	and Wales	15.5	15.3	15.5	15.2	15.0	15.7	16.1	16.4	16.5	17.1	17.4	18.0	18.2	18.4	18.0
n R.D.C.	Rate	17.1	16.07	20.98	21.6	21.14	18.7	19.26	18.9	16.1	17.9	16.9	*23.07	*21.3	*21.7	*21.7
Darlingto	No. of Births	206	210	333	386	416	457	490	515	460	531	526	587	557	575	586
Fnoland	and Wales Rate	29.6	27.6	26.8	25.5	24.9	23.8	23.1	22.6	22.2	21.7	21.4	21.6	21.1	20.0	19.0
R.D.C.	Rate	38.83	47.62	24.02	25.91	24.04	24.07	20.4	19.4	32.6	26.4	26.6	22.1	26.9	27.8	22.2
Darlingtor	No. of Deaths	∞	10	∞	10	10	11	10	10	15	14	14	13	15	91	13
Fnoland	and Wales Rate	12.5	11.3	11.4	11.3	11.7	11.7	11.5	11.7	11.6	11.5	12.0	11.9	12.2	11.3	11.5
n R.D.C.	Rate	10.55	8.95	10.99	10.6	13.3	11.9	10.17	11.2	12.5	13.5	12.9	6.8*	*7.9	*8.2	*9.3
Darlingto	No. of Deaths	127	117	150	140	194	169	146	151	179	195	187	228	207	217	251
Years		1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
Population of Darl'ton	R.D.C.	12,040	13,070	14,600	16,230	17,910	19,310	20,100	21,280	22,300	22,880	24,000	25,440	26,100	26,490	27,040
	Years Darlington R.D.C. Fingland Darlington R.D.C. England	Years Darlington R.D.C. England No. of Rate Deaths Rate Deaths Rate Births Rate Births Rate Births Rate	YearsDarlington R.D.C.England and Wales DeathsDarlington R.D.C.Darlington R.D.C.195112710.5512.5838.8329.620617.1	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Deaths         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Deaths         No. of Deaths         Rate Rate         Darlington R.D.C.           1951         127         10.55         12.5         8         38.83         29.6         20.6         17.1           1952         117         8.95         11.3         10         47.62         27.6         27.6         210         16.07	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Deaths         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Deaths         No. of Deaths         Rate Rate         Darlington R.D.C.           1951         127         10.55         12.5         8         38.83         29.6         20.6         17.1           1952         117         8.95         11.3         10         47.62         27.6         210         16.07           1953         150         10.99         11.4         8         24.02         26.8         333         20.98	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England Avales Deaths         Darlington R.D.C.         England Avales Deaths         No. of Rate Deaths         Darlington R.D.C.         Darlington R.D.C.           1951         127         10.55         12.5         8         38.83         29.6         206         17.1           1952         117         8.95         11.3         10         47.62         27.6         210         16.07           1953         150         10.99         11.4         8         24.02         26.8         333         20.98           1954         140         10.6         11.3         10         25.91         25.5         386         21.6	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Deaths         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Births         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Births         No. of Rate Births         Darlington R.D.C.           1951         127         10.55         12.5         8         38.83         29.6         206         17.1           1952         117         8.95         11.3         10         47.62         27.6         210         16.07           1953         150         10.99         11.4         8         24.02         26.8         333         20.98           1954         140         10.6         11.3         10         25.91         25.55         386         21.6           1955         194         13.3         11.7         10         24.04         24.94         416         21.14	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Deaths         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Bartes Deaths         Darlington R.D.C.         England and Wales Bartes Bartes Bartes         No. of Rate Bartes Bartes         No. of Rate Bartes Bartes         No. of Rate Bartes         No. of Rate Bartes         Rate Bartes	Years         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         England Deaths Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Rate Rate Deaths         Rate Rate Deaths R.D.C. Rate Rate Deaths         Rate Rate Deaths R.D.C. Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate	Years         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         England Avales Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         England Avales Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         Bard Wales Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         No. of Rate Deaths         Rate Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         No. of Rate Deaths         Rate Rate De	Years         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         England Deaths Rate Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Rate Rate Deaths         England Deaths Rate Rate Deaths         Darlington R.D.C. Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate	Years         Darlington R.D.C. Deaths         England and Wales Boaths         Darlington R.D.C. Briths         No. of and Wales Briths         Rate Rate Briths         No. of and Wales Briths         No. of and Wales Briths         No. of and Wales Briths         Rate Briths	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England Audies Deaths         Darlington R.D.C.         England Audies Deaths         Rate Rate Births         Darlington R.D.C.           1951         1.27         10.55         12.5         8         38.83         29.6         206         17.1           1952         1.17         8.95         11.3         10         47.62         27.6         20.6         17.1           1953         1.50         10.99         11.4         8         24.02         26.8         333         20.98           1954         140         10.6         11.3         10         25.91         25.5         386         21.6           1955         196         11.9         11.7         11         24.04         24.9         446         21.4           1956         169         11.9         11.5         10         20.4         23.1         490         19.26           1958         151         11.2         11.5         10         20.4         22.2         460         16.1           1950         152         15.6         25.7         460         16.1         17.9           1960         195         11.5         11.5         26.6	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England Boaths         Darlington R.D.C.         Bragland Boaths         No. of Rate Boaths         Rate Rate Boaths         Rate Births         Darlington R.D.C.           1951         127         10.55         12.5         8         38.83         29.6         206         17.1           1952         117         8.95         11.3         10         47.62         27.6         206         17.1           1953         150         10.99         11.4         8         24.02         26.8         333         20.98           1954         140         10.6         11.3         10         24.02         26.8         333         20.98           1955         194         13.3         11.7         10         24.04         24.9         445         11.6           1956         169         11.9         11.7         11         24.04         23.1         490         19.26           1958         151         11.5         10         19.4         22.6         460         16.1           1958         151         11.5         11         26.4         21.7         460         16.1           1960         195	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England Darlington R.D.C.         Darlington R.D.C.         England And Wales Births         No. of Deaths         Rate and Wales Births         No. of Rate Births         Rate Rate Births         No. of Rate Births         Rate Births         Rate Births         Rate Births         No. of Rate Births         Rate Births	Years         Darlington R.D.C.         England Back Males         Darlington R.D.C.         Bartle Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rate Rat

\*Rate before adjustment by comparability factor, supplied by Registrar General.

#### VITAL STATISTICS

Population – 27,040 (1964 Population – 26,490)

Live Births
Number – 586.
Rate per 1,000 population – 21.7.
The adjusted rate in accordance with the comparability factor supplied by the Registrar General – 18.0.
Illegitimate live births (per cent of total live births) – 4.1%.
Still Births
Number – 4.
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births – 6.8.
Total live and still births
Number – 590.
Infant Deaths (deaths under 1 year).
Number – 13.
Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births 22.2
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births 21.35
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births 41.7
Neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 live births)
Early neo-natal mortality (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)
Perinatal mortality rate (still births and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and still births) 22.0
Maternal deaths (including abortion)
Number – Nil.
Deaths, all ages
Number – 251.
Rate per 1,000 of the population 9.3.
The adjusted death rate in accordance with the comparability factor supplied by the Registrar General – 13.7.

#### Rates as compared with England and Wales

	Darlington R.D.C.	England and Wales
Live birth rate per 1,000 population Still birth rate per 1,000 live and	21.7	18.0
still births Infantile mortality rate per 1,000	6.8	15.7
live births	22.2	19.0
Neo-natal mortality rate per 1,000 live births	17.1	13.0
Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still births	22.0	26.9
Maternal deaths excluding abortion	Nil.	0.19
Maternal deaths due to abortion	Nil.	0.06
Total maternal mortality	Nil.	0.25
Death rate per 1,000 population	9.3	11.5

#### ANALYSIS OF STATISTICS

The population increased from 26,490 to 27,040 in the year under review.

The area comparability factors for use with crude birth and death rates contain adjustments for boundary changes and make allowance for the way in which sex and age distribution of the local population differs from that for England and Wales as a whole. In addition the death rate area comparability factor has been adjusted to take account of the presence of any residential institutions. The use of the factors makes the birth and death rates comparable with the crude rates for England and Wales or with the corresponding adjusted rates for any other area.

Comparability factors for your area are:—

Births	Deaths
0.83	1.48

#### Live Births

There was a small increase in the number of live births giving a rate of 21.7, the same as the previous year. The rate after adjustment by the comparability factor supplied by the Registrar General is 18.0. This compares with a rate of 18.0 for England and Wales.

The number of illegitimate births increased and the percentage of total live births which were illegitimate rose from 2.6% in 1964 to 4.1% in the year under review.

		Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	 	 257	305	562
Illegitimate	 	 16	8	24
		273	313	586

#### Still Births

The number of still births dropped from 18 in 1964 to 4 in 1965 giving a rate of 6.8 as compared with 30.35. The rate for England and Wales was 15.7.

Legitimate	 	 Male 3	Female 1	Total 4
Illegitimate	 	 		-
			-	
		3	1	4

#### Deaths of Infants under 1 year.

Thirteen infants under the age of one year died during 1965 as compared with sixteen the previous year, giving a rate of 22.2 as compared with 27.8. The rate for the country is 19.0.

Nine of these deaths occurred in the first week of life from prematurity and congenital malformations.

Legitimate Illegitimate	•	•	M:	ale 4  4	Fe	male 8 1  9	Total 12 1
Under 1 week 1 week and under 4 weeks Over 4 weeks		•	M:	ale 2 1 1 4	Fe:	male 7 2 9	Total 9 1 3 — 13 —
Prematurity Atclectasis with prematurity Atelectasis without mention prematurity Congenital malformations	 of 		ler I eek F 4 I - 2	1 - wc M — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	- 4 eks F		ecr 4 eeks F 2

#### Deaths (all ages)

The number of deaths registered in your district after correction for inward and outward transfers was 251, an increase of 34 over the previous year's figure. This gives a rate of 9.3 per 1,000 population as compared with a figure of 8.2 for 1964.

The rate for your district after adjustment by the comparability factor supplied by the Registrar General is 13.7. The rate for England and Wales is 11.5.

## TABLE SHOWING CAUSES OF DEATH

75 and over M F	-	36 53
		28
-65- M		31
, [L		91
55- M F		28
1 [1		4
45- M		10
		-
35-		000
25- I F		_
Z		5
15- F		-
Σ		2
5- T F		3
Σ		∞
I II		-
ΣΣ		2
4 weeks & under 1 year M F		2
Under 4 weeks M F		7
		3
Total all ages M F		117
	2	134
	Tuberculosis (Respiratory)  Tuberculosis (Other)  Syphilitic Disease  Diphtheria  Whooping Cough  Meningococcal Infection  Acute Poliomyelitis  Measles  Other infective & parasitic diseases  Malignant Neoplasm, Lung,  Bronchus  Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus  Other Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus  Other Malignant Aleukaemia  Diabetes  Vascular Iesions of nervous system  Coronary Disease, Angina  Hypertension with heart disease  Other circulatory disease  Influenza  Bronchitis  Other diseases of respiratory system  Cleer of stomach and duodenum.  Gastritis, Enteritis & Diarrhoea  Nephritis and Nephrosis  Nephritis and Nephrosis  Other diseases of respiratory system  Congenital Malformations  Other defined or ill defined diseases  Motor Vehicle Accidents  Suicide  Homicide and operations of war.	

#### Death Rates for certain diseases as compared with England and Wales

	Rate per 1,000	Population 💎
	Darlington Rural District	England and Wales
General death rate	9.3	11.5
Cancer, Lung and Bronchus	0.518	0.553
Other Cancer	1.109	1.674
Vascular lesions of nervous system	1.52	1.636
Coronary Disease, Angina	1.66	2.373
Hypertension with heart disease	0.15	0.179
Other heart disease	1.15	1.233
Other circulatory disease	0.295	0.436
Respiratory Tuberculosis	0.07	0.042
Other Tuberculosis	Nil	0.006
Influenza	Nil	0.017
Pneumonia	0.665	0.649
Acute Poliomyelitis	Nil	0.000

#### Accidents

	5 - M	- 10 F	20 - M	- 30 F	40 - M	- 50 F	60 · M	- 70 F	75 & M	over F
Road Traffic Accidents		_	3	_	1	_	1		_	1
Accidents in Home Fall	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	<u> </u>
Other Accidents										
Drowning	1	_	_		<b> </b> —				<u> </u>	—
Fracture of Skull	1	_		_					_	
Fall in Street	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Injury at Work	-		-		1	_		—		

Coronary disease was the single largest cause of death and diseases of heart and arteries (of which coronary disease formed the largest sub-division) accounted for over 50% of the total.

Deaths caused by cancer of the lung increased from eight (6 male and 2 female) in 1964 to fourteen (11 male and 3 female) in the year under review and the total number of deaths from cancer increased from thirty-three to forty-four. Malignant disease in all its forms was the second largest cause of death accounting for just over 17.5% of the total.

MALIGNANT NEOPLASM

The following table gives the deaths from Malignant Neoplasm in age groups and localisation.

E T	5	c	9	7	2	1	7	20
Total M F	6	_	1	2	2		4	23
Ver	m		C1		1			9
75 & over M F	_	1	- 1	-	- 1	1	1	7
ĹĬ,	7	1	1	1			-	m
05 M	-	- 1	1	_	_	- 1	1	m
[L	1	1	-	1	1	1		-
65- M	1	n	- 1	1	1	_	-	4
T.	1	_	2		7	1	1	5
09 M		2		1	-	1	-	2
ĹL,		_	-	1	1		-	2
55- M				1	1	1		-
ĹĽ,		1				1		
S0			1	.		1		7
[]	1	-	1	-	1	1		2
45- M	_		-		_			4
II.	1	1	-	1	1	0.1		-
64 ∑	- 1	2				- 1		<u></u>
[L.	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	
35- M	- 1	1	- 1					
LL	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
M 30							1	
1	1	-	-	- 1	- 1	- 1	1	1
-5 25- M F M B						1	1	
[1.	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	
Z.Z.					]			
	:	:	:	Digestive organs other than Stomach	Genito urinary organs other than Uterus	Respiratory system other than Lung	:	
no				0 SL	org	em c		
Localisation	·			orgai	nary n Ui	syst g		
ocal	ų	:	:	ve c Stor	uri tha	tory	sites	
7	Stomach	Lung	Breast	gesti	nito	espiratory sy than Lung	Other Sites	
	Sto	n n	Bre	Ω	Se	Re	O	

#### NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

The notifications received during the year were of measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever, dysentery and pulmonary tuberculosis. There was an increased incidence of measles, a slight increase in the number of cases of scarlet fever and no change in the number of notifications of whooping cough. There was one isolated case of dysentery. Notifications of pulmonary tuberculosis decreased from seven to three.

## MASS RADIOGRAPHY UNIT Summary of Statistical Information

Location N	lo. X-Rayed	To Clinic	T.B. notified	T.B. for observation	Other conditions	Normal
Newton Aycliffe	1,265	6	1	<u></u>	3	2
Aycliffe Trading Estate	556	3		1	1	1

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

Table of cases as notified and after correction set out in age groups

Total Deaths		
ge own F		-
Age unknown M F		-
		4
25 and over M F		7
-24 F		
Z1 Z		
-14 F		2
0. ∑	-	3
6- F	7	62
S—9 M F	4	57
H	23 23	25
4 Z	-	24
江	-	23
M 3-		23
II.		23
Z 2	111	17
L L		=
Z		91
der 1 F		2
Under M F		9
At all ages	4	305
	Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Erysipelas Puerperal Pyrexia Meningococcal Infection Ophthalmia Neonatorum Dysentery Poliomyelitis: (a) Paralytic (b) Non-Paralytic Primary & Influ). Enteric Fever (incl. Paratyphoid) Measles Whooping Cough Food Poisoning Malaria Tuberculosis: (a) Pulmonary. (b) Other	

#### **TUBERCULOSIS**

New cases and Mortality during 1965.

Age Group	5		New	Cases			Dea	aths	
Age Group	<b>'</b> 5		ratory female		Respir'y female		ratory female		lespir'y female
Under 1					_			_	
1— 5		_	_	—	_		_	_	_
6—10		_	_	_	—		_	_	_
11—15		_			—		_	_	
16—20		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	- 1
21—25		_		—			_	_	_
2635		_	1	<u> </u>	—	_	_	_	!
36-45				<u> </u>		ļ —		_	-
4655		1	1	_				_	-
56—65		_	_	<u> </u>	_	1		_	-
66 & over	• • •		-10	_	_	1	_	-	-
Total		1	2		_	2	_	_	_

The total number of new cases in 1965 was 3 pulmonary compared with 7 pulmonary and 1 non-pulmonary in 1964.

Table showing new cases and Mortality during the past 10 years

Year		New	Cases		Mor	tality	
i car	Respir male f			espir'y female	ratory female		tespir'y female
1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965	6 4 9 3 7 4 4 3 4	5 5 3 -4 2 1 2 3 2	1 - - 1 - -	1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	 1 1 1 1 1 1 —	1    	

#### Number of cases on register

Year		Pulmonary		No	on-Pulmona	ry
i eai	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965	43 49 50 50 56 53	36 37 37 40 45 43	79 86 87 90 101 96	5 6 6 7 6 7	7 7 7 7 7 8 8	12 13 13 14 14 15

Tuberculosis Mortality Rate — Respiratory 1965 — 0.07 Non-Respiratory 1965 — Nil.

#### CASE RATES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE, 1965

				,000 Home
			Darlington R.D.C.	England and Wales
Notifications (correcte	ed)			
Scarlet Fever		 	0.52	0.56
Whooping Cough		 	0.33	0.27
Measles		 	10.3	10.68
Poliomyelitis:				
Paralytic		 	Nil	0.00
Non-Paralytic		 	Nil	0.00
Dysentery		 	0.04	0.55
Tuberculosis:				
Respiratory		 	0.11	0.28
Non Respiratory		 	Nil	0.05

#### FOOD POISONING

#### (a) Food Poisoning Notification (corrected)

1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter

Total — Nil

#### (b) Cases otherwise ascertained

1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter

Total — Nil

#### (c) Symptomless Excreters

1ST QUARTER 2ND QUARTER 3RD QUARTER 4TH QUARTER

Total — Nil

#### (d) Fatal Cases

1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter

Total — Nil

#### VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION

The numbers of persons vaccinated or immunised in the district for which records were received during 1965 are given in the following tables:—

2-4 years 29 89 Under 1 year 25 . Re-vaccinated Vaccinated

Smallpox

Total

15 yrs. & over

5 - 14 years

4 2

133

Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus

						Ye	Year of birth	th					
				Primary						Boos	Boosters		
	1965	1964	1963	1962	1958 to 1961	Others under 16	Total	1964	1963	1962	1958 to 1961	Others under 16	Total
Oiphtheria	109	192	39	15	10	73	438	17	33	17	109	19	195
Whooping Cough	109	182	27	10	5	_	334	∞	20	2	78	13	124
etanus	109	192	39	15	27	84	466	17	33	16	117	18	201

Poliomyelitis

								Year of birth	birth						
				Prir	Primary						Boo	Boosters			
		1965	1964	1963	1962	1958 to 1961	Others under 16	Total	1965	1964	1963	1962	1958 to 1961	Others under 16	Total
Salk	:	9	10	3		1	1	19		-	2		10	9	19
Oral	:	13	77	32	15	25	52	214		-	=	∞	98	50	168

#### B.C.G. Vaccination

Number of children skin tested			233
Number of children vaccinated			158
Number of children positive			49
Number of children not vaccinated owing	to	health	
reasons			11
No. of children absent at time of reading			15

#### LABORATORY WORK

#### **Bacteriological Examinations**

$\mathbf{F}$	A	$\mathbf{E}$	C	T	C
	/-	1.77			<b>, 1</b>

Number of	Dysentery	Salmonella	Other
Specimens	Positive	Typhimurium	Organisms
10	Nil	1	Nil

#### WATER

Number of	Class	Class	Class	Class
Specimens	1	2	3	4
22	14	1	2	5

#### National Assistance Act, 1948, Section 47

No statutory action was taken under this section.

## HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTERED BY THE LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITY (DURHAM COUNTY COUNCIL) IN YOUR AREA

County Medical Officer: Dr. S. Ludkin,

County Hall, Durham,

Telephone No. Durham 4411.

**Assistant County Medical** 

Officer (No. 10 Area) Dr. M. W. Rodgers,

Council Offices, Sedgefield, Telephone No. Sedgefield 555.

Advice on any of the services listed below may be obtained on application to the above.

#### Welfare Services

(a) Residential Hostel Accommodation—This is provided for aged, infirm and handicapped persons, but the accommodation at present is limited.

Persons from your district maintained during the year in residential hostels were:—

Males — 6

Females — 10

Number of Persons on waiting list:—

Males — 2 Females — 8

- (b) Blind Persons—A comprehensive service is provided which includes medical examination, home visiting and teaching, assistance in obtaining suitable employment in workshops or at home, admission to homes for the blind and general social welfare. A residential hostel reserved for blind persons is situated in Durham City.
- (c) Other Handicapped Persons—Certain Welfare services are available for persons who are deaf and dumb, partially sighted, or substantially and permanently handicapped by illness, injury or congenital deformity.

Figures for your district for 1965 were:—

	٦	Total
No. of registered blind persons		35
No. of registered partially sighted persons		10
No. of registered deaf and dumb persons .		59
No. of registered hard of hearing persons .		12
No. of registered physically handicapped persons		53

#### Home Nursing

Visits made by the district nurses during the year were:—

			Cases	Visits
(a)	Medical cases	 	 164	4,527
(b)	Surgical cases	 	 58	1,691
(c)	Tuberculosis	 	 3	228
(d)	Maternal complications	 	 	

#### Domiciliary Midwifery Service

Births attended by County Midwives within your district w	ere
Total births (live and still)	139
Cases attended as midwife and nurse	139
Hospital patients discharged home before 10th day	150
Total cases attended	289

#### **Health Visitors**

The health visitors provide the link between the home and the County Health Department. They give advice on the care of young children, to expectant and nursing mothers and aged or ill persons and they stress the measures necessary to prevent the spread of infection.

#### Visits made in your district during the year

					1	No. of Visits	S
(a)	maternity and child w	elfare				8,201	
						152	
	<i>-</i>					64	
	mental sub-normality	• •	• •		• •	63	
	school	• •		• •		320	
(1)	aged people	• •	• •	• •	• •	1,527	

#### Domestic Help

(d) Others

Domestic helps are provided by the County Council where necessary in cases of sickness, childbirth, infirmity or other household emergencies. A charge may be made for this service under certain circumstances according to income scale.

During 1965 the service provided in your distric	t was:-	_
No. of home helps employed during the year		50
Cases attended at 1st January, 1965		61
New cases provided during year  Cases terminated		46
Cases attended at 31st December, 1965	• •	38
Cases attended at 51st December, 1905	• •	09
Number of cases provided during the year		
(a) Maternity, including expectant mothers		1
(b) Tuberculosis	• •	
(c) Chronic sick (including aged and infirm)		105

#### Prevention of Illness, Care and After Care

Nursing equipment is provided for sick persons at the request of medical practitioners, district nurses and hospital almoners. Invalid chairs are also available and extra nourishment or bedding can be supplied to patients suffering from tuberculosis. A charge is normally made for this service, but in certain circumstances the charge may be reduced or remitted altogether.

Thirty-two patients were supplied with nursing equipment during the year.

#### Mental Health Services

Services are available for children and young adults who are mentally subnormal. Proposals have now been approved for an expansion of the service, with the appointment of additional staff and the establishment of Adult Training Centres and more Junior Training Centres over the next five years.

	_	Total
Number registered as mentally subnormal	 	54
Number under supervision in their own homes	 	32
Number of persons in mental hospitals	 	22

#### CARE OF MOTHERS AND YOUNG CHILDREN

County Child Welfare Clinics to serve certain areas of the Rural District are held in Sedgefield, Shildon, Chilton, Middleton-St.-George and Newton Aycliffe, and arrangements exist for mothers and children to attend Darlington Borough Clinics.

#### REGIONAL HOSPITAL SERVICE

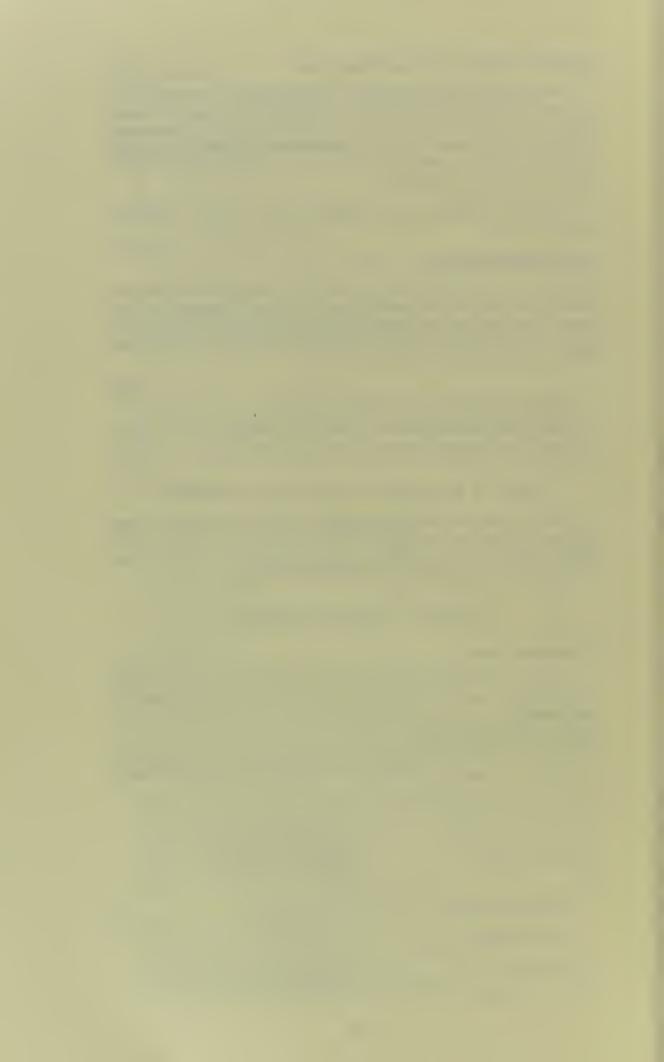
#### **Tuberculosis Service**

Clinics are held at Hundens Unit, Hundens Lane, Darlington on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday. All cases are seen by appointment.

#### Special Treatment Service.

Clinics are held at Hundens Unit, Hundens Lane, Darlington as follows:—

2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
10 a.m. to 12 noon. 5 p.m. to 7 p.m.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
5 p.m. to 7 p.m.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. 5 p.m. to 7 p.m.



#### SECTION B.

### WATER SUPPLY, SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL AND GENERAL SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES

#### Distribution of Water

The parishes included within the area of the various statutory undertakers are as follows:—

#### Tees Valley and Cleveland Water Board

Archdeacon Newton (part), Barmpton (part), Bishopton, Brafferton (part), Coatham Mundeville, Denton (part), East and West Newbiggin, Great Burdon, High Coniscliffe, Hurworth, Killerby (part), Little Stainton, Low Coniscliffe, Low Dinsdale, Middleton-St.-George, Morton Palms, Neasham, Piercebridge, Sadberge, Summerhouse (part).

#### Note:

The extension by the Tees Valley and Cleveland Water Board of the 12" main to the Otter and Fish at Hurworth with the 6"-9" branch to Neasham was not completed during the year because of delay in delivery of the pipes.

#### **Durham County Water Board**

Great Aycliffe, Brafferton (part), Denton (part), Great Stainton, Heighington, Houghton-le-Side, Killerby (part), Summerhouse (part), Walworth.

#### Darlington Rural District Council

The Council supply water in part of the parishes of Brafferton, Whessoe, Coatham Mundeville, which they purchase in bulk from the Tees Valley and Cleveland Water Board; and in Barmpton from a bulk supply from the Darlington Corporation.

#### General

Villages and hamlets have main piped water from statutory undertakers except in Low Dinsdale and the parish of Sockburn.

- (a) The majority of the houses in Low Dinsdale parish are situated in the village of Middleton-St.-George and are supplied by the Tees Valley and Cleveland Water Board. In Low Dinsdale hamlet the houses take their supply from a private bore and shallow well.
- (b) At Sockburn a private spring is piped and serves all the houses.

The proportion of dwelling houses and the proportion of the population supplied from the public mains is as follows:—

Pop. supplied by stand	133
Pop. supplied direct	15,500 15,500 1779 65 297 498 135 132 280 416 50 50 2,056 66 66 66 66 66 2,075 49 346 122 23 99 122 537
% of houses supplied	8 0020080008200082000000000000000000000
Total houses	4,697 240 240 240 240 250 151 151 152 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 2
By means of stand pipe	,
ouse Meter	16 17 18 18 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Direct to the house Open Me	4,688 224 11 120 120 133 120 120 138 88 160 606 606 606 151 151 151
Water Authority Supplying	T.V. & C.W.B. Church Commissioners and D'ton Corporation D.C.W.B. D.C.W.B. D.C.W.B. D.R.D.C. T.V. & C.W.B. T.V. & C.W.B. D.R.D.C. T.V. & C.W.B. T.V. & C.W.B
Approx. Popu- lation	15,500 15,500 792 69 297 498 161 53 1,604 1,604 2,056 62 2,056 62 2,075 2,075 696 62 2,075 696 62 637 85 2,075 696 637 637 637 637 637 637 637 63
No. of Occupied Houses	20 4,697 240 240 210 90 151 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 19
Parish	Archdeacon Newton  Newton Aycliffe Great Aycliffe Barmpton Bishopton Blackwell Brafferton Great Burdon Coatham Mundeville High Coniscliffe Low Coniscliffe Low Coniscliffe Low Dinsdale East & West Newbiggin Great Stainton Heighington Heighington Heighington Rillerby Little Stainton Middleton-StGeorge Morton Palms Neasham Piercebridge Sadberge Sockburn Summerhouse Walworth Whessoe

#### Average Hardness in Parts per Million

Darlington Corporation 128 p.p.m.

Durham County Water Board:

- (a) Burnhope-Tunstall supply as CaCo<sub>3</sub> 50 p.p.m. or 3.5 grains per gl.
- (b) Burnope-Tunstall Mainsforth as CaCo<sub>3</sub> 50-110 p.p.m. or 3.3/7.5 grains per gl.

River Tees Supply Total Carb. Non-Carb.

Tees Valley and Cleveland Water Board 69 38 31 (p.p.m. to degree of hardness divide by 14.9).

#### Fluoride content of water

B.M.A. (IPPM).

Darlington Corporation
Durham County Water Board

0.1 p.p.m. to trace of fluoride

(a) Burnhope-Tunstall supply

(b) Burnhope-Tunstall-Mainsforth 0.1 p.p.m. content of mixture not available

B. & T. 0.1 p.p.m. Mainsforth 0.6 p.p.m.

Tees Valley and Cleveland Water Board

Board 0.2 p.p.m.

The Council agreed with the policy of fluorination as suggested by

No waters in the area are known to be plumbo solvent.

#### Bacteriological Examination of Water

The Tees Valley and Cleveland Water Board took 271 samples, Durham County Water Board took 61 samples and Darlington Corporation took 2 samples. With the exception of one of the samples taken by Durham County Water Board and one by the Tees Valley Water Board all were reported as satisfactory.

Samples taken by this department were as follows:—

No. Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Class 4

Durham County Water Board 20 14 1 2 3

Private well supply . . . 2 — — 2

The unsatisfactory results of bacteriological examination of certain samples of water supplied by Durham County Water Board were from standpipes in the village of Ayeliffe and the engineer of the Water Board arranged for an increase in the dose of chlorine as a temporary measure until such times as these standpipes can be removed. Three of the standpipes concerned serve sub-standard property and in the case of the fourth standpipe the owner of the property was under notice to provide a piped water supply.

With regard to the samples taken from a well, the well serves an isolated farmhouse and the owner was advised to boil all water used for drinking purposes until a mains supply was provided. This was done later in the year. During the year boiling notices were served in connection with a known unsatisfactory supply at Sockburn where, as previously reported, the owner intended to supply a Belco chlorinator in connection with the erection of two bungalows. The chlorinator, when installed, will also supply water to the remaining seven houses in the parish.

#### **Chemical Examination of Water**

Results in respect of water samples taken for chemical analysis were as follows:—

#### Borehole at Neasham Grange Farm (Private supply)

	_			Parts per
				million
Total solids			 	 2,400
Chloride			 	 37
Sulphate			 	 1,030
Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>			 	 290
Total hardness			 	 1,200
Permanent hardness			 	 910
Temporary hardness			 	 290
Iron			 	 0.2
Manganese			 	 0.6
Free Ammonia			 	 0.04
Albuminoid Ammoni	a		 	 0.02
Nitrous Nitrogen		• •	 	 Nil.
Nitric Nitrogen			 	 0.14
		Ph 7.2		

This water is of good organic and bacteriological quality but is very hard.

#### Water Supply—Factory, Aycliffe Trading Estate

(Durham County Water Board supply).

amum County Water	Dourd	suppi.	, , .		Parts per
					million
Total solid matter (d:	ried at	180°C	.)		 1,590
Nitrogen: as free and					 0.06
as albumir	ioid an	nmonia	ı		 0.04
as nitrate					 1.9
Hardness: Total					 50
Chloride					 180
					 735
Alkalinity					 200
Oxygen absorbed fro	m perr	nangar	iate in 4	4 hours	 0.30
Metals: Calcium					 5
Magnesium					 9
Sodium					 610
Potassium					 11
Lead and cop	pper				 Nil
Free chlorine					 0.02
Excess alkalinity					 155
	1	Ph 9.3			

Analysis shows that this water contained a high amount of dissolved solids, which included 180 p.p.m. of chlorides. The water was very alkaline and the salt content was just detectable by taste.

#### Water Supply—24 Bewick Crescent, Newton Aycliffe

(Durham County Water Board supply)

						Parts per million
Total solid matter (dr	ied at	180°C.	)			720
Nitrogen: as free and	saline	e ammo	nia			0.06
as albumin	oid aı	nmonia				0.08
as nitrate						0.9
as nitrite						Nil
Hardness: Total						100
Chloride						72
Sulphate						302
Alkalinity						170
Oxygen absorbed from	m peri	mangan	ate in	4 hours	s	0.6
Metals: Calcium						22
Magnesium						11
Sodium						260
Potassium						5
Excess alkalinity						75
Phosphate						Nil
Metaphosphate						Nil
		Ph 8.3				

This sample of hot water contained excess caustic alkali, in the form of sodium carbonate or hydroxide, which is presumably derived from the neutralising liquid used after descaling. The high Ph value is, of course, also due to the residual alkali.

#### SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

#### (a) Aycliffe

The works deal with Aycliffe Village, Newton Aycliffe and the Trading Estate. The average daily flow for the year ending March, 1966, was 934,000 gallons per day and the dry weather flow was 800,000 gallons per day.

The effluent discharged to the river was not satisfactory but this was due to the overloading of the old plant and commissioning of the new works. The latter were brought into full use during the year.

The works were completed and officially opened by the Rt. Hon. J. Slater, J.P. on 2nd July. The heated digestion plant was not completed by the end of the year under review. The works are capable of dealing with a total of 1.3 million gallons dry weather flow. This is to cater for a population of 20,000 at Newton Aycliffe and to allow for future increases in flow from the Trading Estate and Aycliffe Village. It is also intended that the works will deal with the flow from School Aycliffe Mental Hospital, Heighington and Redworth Village.

In view of a proposal to increase the size of Newton Aycliffe from 20,000 to 45,000 further adjustments were made in connection with the re-building of the inlet to the existing works including installation of mechanical rake screen and disintegrators with mechanical scrapers to the existing three settling tanks. The outlet channel which is common to all tanks now has a storm water overflow weir set so that a maximum rate of flow of 2,000,000 gallons a day receives full treatment. At the same time arrangements were made for the acquisition of a further strip of land along the south side to allow for further extensions to the old works.

The estimated cost of the scheme under construction was £213,750.

The Council continued during the year to treat approximately 300,000 gallons per day of trade waste and negotiations are being made for the treatment of a further large volume of trade waste.

In connection with the new industrial development which is to take place in Heighington Lane, proposals were submitted by the Council's Consultant for the laying of foul and surface water sewers. In order that further land included in the development plan could be drained, the foul sewer was increased to 24" and the surface water which would only serve part of the development area was increased to 39" diameter, the former to discharge into the sewage works at Aycliffe and the latter into Demon's Beck.

The estimated cost of the scheme was £50,000 but the Council will only be bearing the extra cost of the work over and above that required for serving a new factory for which land has already been purchased.

A proposal was received in connection with Copelaw School, Aycliffe, outside the rural district for authority to discharge into Aycliffe Development Corporation sewer and this was agreed subject to the School reaching agreement with Aycliffe Development Corporation for the discharge of sewage and meeting the Council's terms in connection with reception and treatment of sewage.

#### (b) Middleton-St.-George

These are relatively new works for dealing with a partially combined flow which were brought into use in 1960. During the year the effluent discharged was satisfactory. The average daily flow for the year ending March, 1966, was 102,600 gallons per day and the dry weather flow for this period was 75,600 gallons per day. The design capacity of the works is 100,000 gallons per day dry weather flow. Some residential development is taking place in the village.

#### (c) Bishopton

These are new works completed in 1963. They are especially designed to deal with a considerable discharge of farm waste effluent. The average daily flow for the year ending March, 1966, was 10,200 gallons per day and the dry weather flow for this period

was 6,500 gallons per day. The design capacity of the works is 10,800 gallons per day. The effluent discharged to the beck was considerably improved during the year and can be said to be reasonably satisfactory.

An increase in residential development in this village of 30-40 houses would assist considerably in balancing the high flow of farm waste.

#### (d) Whessoe

This scheme was completed towards the end of 1963, which was merely to connect a gravity sewer to a pumping station with a rising main to a Darlington Corporation sewer at Harrowgate Hill. Work has started on a private sewer to serve the County Council smallholdings but difficulty was encountered with excavations in the Burtree Lane area. It is expected that the work will be completed next year, including the conversion of twelve earth closets to water carriage. Allowances have been made for further development.

#### (e) Hurworth, Hurworth Place and Neasham

The sewage works were completed in 1965. They comprise the erection of new sewage works near Hurworth village with pumping station and ejector stations at Hurworth Place and Neasham respectively.

The average daily flow for the year ending March, 1966 was 143,000 gallons per day and the dry weather flow for this period was 77,000 gallons per day. The design capacity of the works is 120,000 gallons per day. Considerable residential development is taking place in this village at the present time.

#### (f) Low Coniscliffe and Merrybent

Tenders were approved in the sum of £48,095 excluding machinery, for the provision of gravity sewers in Low Coniscliffe and Merrybent discharging to a pumping station at Low Coniscliffe with a 6" rising main to Darlington Corporation sewer in Coniscliffe Road.

The contract commenced on 7th September, 1964, and by the end of 1965 the pumphouse had been completed, apart from road works and minor electrical works. All sewers and the rising main to Darlington Corporation sewer were completed. House drainage to twenty-nine houses at Low Coniscliffe and forty-one houses at Mcrrybent, six houses at Co-operative Wholesale Society premises, making a total of seventy-four houses were connected to the sewers. The Co-operative Wholesale Society Nurseries were also connected to the new sewer and the old sewage works now merely take the discharge of surface water. Some further residential development (40-50 houses) was allowed for.

#### (g) Blackwell

All sewers were completed in connection with the scheme for laying a gravity sewer into the Corporation sewer at Carmel Road South. The house connections were made and the old sewage works at Blackwell were taken out of use. Orders were given for the existing tank and grips to be filled in. Some residential development is taking place in the vicinity of Blackwell Hall Estate which is catered for. This area is to be taken into the County Borough of Darlington in April, 1967.

#### (h) Sadberge

The scheme referred to in the 1964 report for the re-building of the sewage works and the laying of a new sewer to deal with the southern part of the village, which had not previously been connected to the sewage works, was provisionally approved by the Council and is being designed by the Council's Consultant Engineer and some progress has been made with regard to the acquisition of sites for sewage works and pumping station. The scheme allows for future development of about 100 houses. The watercourse into which the effluent has to be discharged takes a very small flow and every care will have to be taken to prevent its pollution.

#### (i) Heighington and Redworth

The existing sewage works at Heighington are overloaded and require complete reconstruction. The works at Redworth are old, and have had small improvements carried out since the war, but are in need of modernisation. Both discharge into ditches and the effluent requires a high degree of control.

Proposals were approved by the Council for a scheme estimated to cost £50,000. This was to deal with sewage from the villages of Redworth and Heighington via pumping stations into a gravity sewer (9") which would run past School Aycliffe Mental Hospital, pick up their discharge, and thence into a 15" sewer and through the industrial site in School Aycliffe Lane where the sewer size is to be increased to 18" (to allow for further industrial extensions) and through the Industrial Estate into the sewage works.

#### (j) Great Burdon

This village was sewered to a pumping station connected to the Corporation's sewer in 1959. All houses are connected to the sewer. Allowance has been made for further development.

#### (k) Brafferton and Coatham Mundeville

There are no sewage works at Brafferton and at present some sewage with surface water is being discharged into a ditch which drains to a watercourse taking the discharge from small sewage works dealing with the Council houses. At Coatham Mundeville there is a small tank with overflow to the river. Both arrangements are unsatisfactory.

The Consultant is now preparing a scheme which should be available to the Council early in 1966.

#### (l) High Coniscliffe

This village has a sewer to tank and land irrigation works which are unsatisfactory. The sewerage arrangements at Low Coniscliffe and Merrybent are sufficient to take the sewage.

It is expected that a start will be made next year on the preparation of a scheme to provide new gravity sewers with pumping station and rising main to the head of the new sewer at Merrybent. The initial survey has been commenced.

#### (m) Summerhouse, Killerby and Denton

The Council received the Consultant's report in connection with the villages of Summerhouse, Killerby and Denton, the estimated cost of the scheme being £32,400. The Council decided that the scheme be not adopted and that the owners of the properties not having baths or water closets be requested to provide these amenities, including, where necessary, the provision of septic tanks and filters, with the aid of improvement grants. It was also felt that the adjacent village of Denton, where the sewer arrangements are unsatisfactory be similarly dealt with.

The Council will be asked to reconsider their proposals.

#### (n) Piercebridge

This village is served by several tanks which are emptied by the Council. It is hoped that when the High Coniscliffe scheme is completed the Council will agree to sewage from this village being drained to a central point and pumped into the new High Coniscliffe sewer.

### (o) Houghton le Side, Little Stainton, Walworth, Great Stainton and Archdeacon Newton

The Council have an old tank with irrigation arrangement at Houghton-le-Side which will require alterations and improvements.

At Little Stainton and Walworth there is a modern tank and filter serving four Council houses.

The village of Great Stainton is served by small modern works which are difficult to maintain owing to overloading with farm effluent. This is likely to be taken out of the sewer and the works should then give a satisfactory effluent.

The hamlet of Archdeacon Newton has a tank and filter constructed since the war but is overloaded with discharge of farm effluent. It is expected the farm effluent will be taken out of the sewer when a more satisfactory discharge will be possible.

#### Charges for Treatment of Farm Effluent

During the year the Council agreed the following scale of charges in connection with farm wastes.

- 1. For each milch cow £2 or £1 5s, when through a milking parlour per annum.
- 2. For any other beast standing in a byre connected to the sewer £1 5s. per annum.
- 3. For each pig or bore in a sty connected to the sewer 10s. per annum.

The sewers and sewage works affected in the various parishes are as follows:—

Middleton-St.-George Sewage Works, Redworth Sewage Works, Heighington Sewage Works, Great Burdon (Darlington Corporation), Sadberge Sewage Works, Bishopton Sewage Works, Great Stainton Sewage Works, High Coniseliffe Sewage Works, Archdeaeon Newton Sewage Works, Coatham Mundeville Sewage Works.

#### County Borough of Darlington—Charges for Treatment of Sewage

Charges to be based on sewerage and sewage disposal rate levied in the rural district or County Borough whichever is the higher and this rate to be applied to existing arrangements relating to Great Burdon and Whessoe and for County Borough premises discharging to Council sewers. This arrangement will also eover Low Coniscliffe, Merrybent and Blaekwell.

#### **Public Scavenging**

Refuse collection was earried out in a satisfactory manner during the year and nearly every house in the district had a weekly collection. The frequency of the collection has been much improved due to the introduction of a bonus scheme last year arising out of which each man is paid £2 10s. per week when he has completed his stint. These stints were adjusted towards the end of the year to allow for the introduction of a 40 hour week so each filler had to collect 91 bins in the rural part of the district and 119 in Newton Ayeliffe.

The domestie eollection is maintained by a fleet of five vehicles, three from the depot at Ayeliffe and two from the depot at Middleton-St.-George.

Trade refuse and domestie refuse from factories is collected from the trading estate by the sixth vehicle from Ayeliffe depot. Priority however, is given to the collection of domestic refuse and in the event of one of the vehicles breaking down the trade refuse vehicle is used for domestic refuse collection and similarly during sickness or holiday periods men have to be taken from the trade refuse vehicle. This has caused a serious dislocation of the collection of trade and domestic refuse from the factories and there is a proposal when the new vehicle is purchased next year for the old one to be kept as a spare vehicle so there is as little interference as possible with the trade refuse collection service.

The total number of men employed during the year averaged twenty-five, although the Council's establishment is thirty. This includes the dozer driver but excludes the foreman who looks after

## WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE

this service. It will be necessary to try and recruit two further men to avoid delay in the collection of refuse.

The refuse collection in the northern part of the Council's district is by controlled tipping at Brafferton near Ayeliffe while the Southern part of the area is served by Darlington Corporation tip at Hurworth-on-Tees. At the Council's tip at Brafferton refuse is compressed and covered by the use of a Drott B.T.D. 6 which was in daily use.

Adequate toilet facilities exist at both the depots at Ayeliffe and Middleton-St.-George and at Ayeliffe there are facilities for drying workmen's clothes.

Continued progress was made in the operation of the paper sack method of disposal. This provides for arrangements by each occupier or owner of new property to fit head units and in connection with existing properties to replace worn out dust bins with paper sack units. At the end of the year 757 houses were supplied with paper sacks. The Council's workmen continued to fix head units at cost price, plus 5s. 0d. on request from ratepayers in the area.

There are 169 litter bins, including those in lay-bys, sited throughout the area all of which are frequently emptied by the refuse collectors.

Occupiers of business premises are permitted to make their own arrangements for trade refuse disposal on the tip at Brafferton on payment of 10s. 0d. for a large load, 7s. 6d. for a medium load and 5s. 0d. for a small load. An arrangement by which free tipping facilities are given to contractors for disposal of spoil continues to operate to the advantage of the Council. Bulk charges for trade refuse collection are still 42s. 0d. per hour or 1s. 0d. per bin. During the year the Council's cesspool machine carried out the cleansing of 333 private cesspools and 160 tanks belonging to the Council, and the charges made for the emptying of cesspools were 13s. 0d. per hour in the case of domestic premises and 25s. 0d. in the case of business premises. The Durham C.C. continued to hire the machine for gully flushing.

During the year the Committee decided that the Newton Aycliffe town centre should be more frequently swept and arrangements were made for a man to do this and also the shopping centres at Neville Parade and Simpasture on a full-time basis. Some concern was expressed by certain members regarding the method of refuse disposal by controlled tipping and instructions were given for a further report to be prepared on other forms of refuse disposal. Submission of this report, however, was delayed when the Committee were informed that there were proposals for a consortium in connection with the disposal of refuse on Tees-side. The Council are awaiting the result of the consortium recommendations and will consider these, as well as any report which may be available from their own officers.

#### **Public Conveniences**

There are seven public conveniences in the area, one at Hurworth Place, one at Middleton-St.-George, one at Heighington, three at Newton Aycliffe and one in Aycliffe Village. These are regularly visited and cleansed.

### W. C. Conversions

### Public Health Act, 1936, Section 47.

A review of the situation was made in December and it showed there was a total of 203 earth closets in the district. This figure includes:—

55 closets at Brafferton, Coatham Mundeville, Piercebridge, Killerby and Summerhouse (including one in a scheduled unfit house), all where sewers may be provided in the future.

109 closets at outlying properties where no sewers are available, including 6 unfit houses, 9 scheduled unfit houses, 2 empty houses.

3 closets where conversion notices have not been complied with including one empty house and one house where it will be easy to connect to a new sewer when available.

36 closets throughout the remainder of the district and this number includes 19 unfit houses, 5 scheduled houses, and 12 County Council smallholdings for which plans are being prepared.

If the closets in the unfit, scheduled houses and those houses awaiting sewerage works are deducted from the total of 203 there are 92 properties in outlying areas requiring conversions.

The grant for closet conversions where a sewer is available is half the cost, where notice is served. There is now no grant made in respect of properties where a sewer is not available as in all cases it is expected that advantage should be taken of standard and discretionary grants.

Thirteen closet conversions were carried out where sewers are available with conversion grants amounting to £499 17s. 9d., and six conversions were carried out where there are no sewers with conversion grants amounting to £450 5s. 9d.

As part of improvement grant works a further eight closet conversions were carried out where sewers are available and seven where there are no sewers.

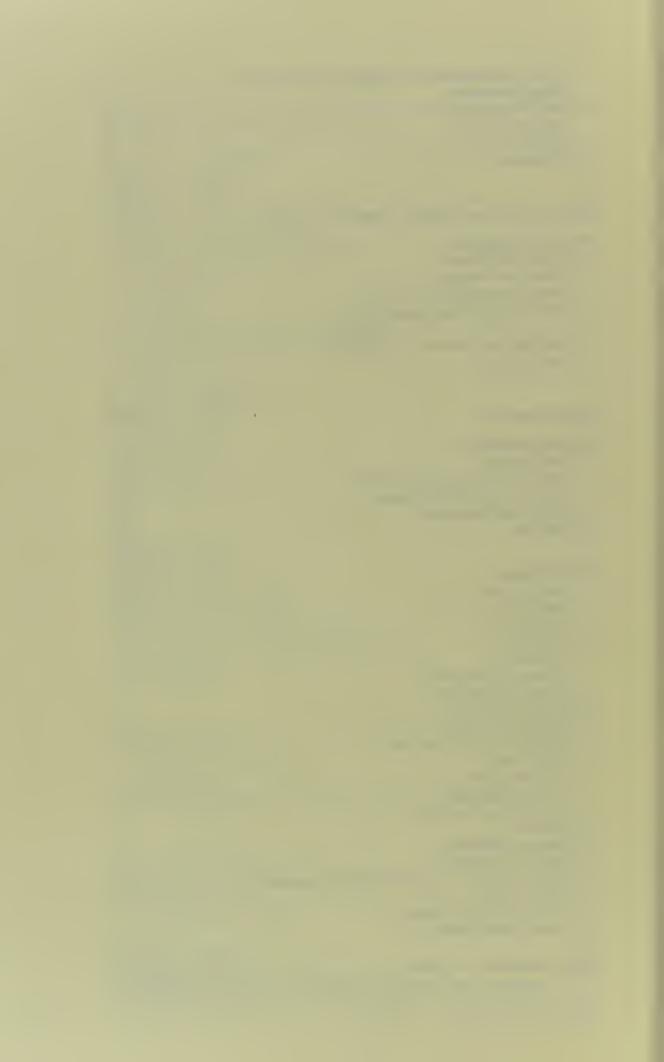
The total number of closet conversions carried out during the year was thirty-four.

### SANITARY INSPECTION

Summary of inspections, the year:—	inve	stigations	and	visits	made	during
Complaints investigated						134
Public Health Acts:—						
Houses						26
Other Premises	• •					7
Animals improperly kept						_
Dirty and verminous prer						
Drainage defects						13
Conversions						23
Cesspools						_
Scavenging						37
Water Supplies (including	g sam	ples)				15
Dangerous Buildings						11
Offensive Trades						
Living Vans						17
Public Conveniences						6
Re-inspections '						16
Pest Control						31
Street cleaning						6
Clean Air						176
Chimney Heights						5
				Total	١	389
Housing Acts:—						
Houses						173
Overcrowding		• •	• •	• •		
Certificate of disrepair						_
Improvement Grants						58
Applications for re-housing						
Council house repairs and						213
Re-inspections						9
Demolitions						2
				Total		455
Factories Acts:—						
Factories with power						52
Factories without power						6
Outworkers						
Sites of building operation			s of	engine	ering	
construction						69
				mr		107
				Total		127
Food and Drugs Acts:—						
Registered Food Premise	S					10
Food Shops						84
Restaurant Kitchens						6
Canteens						20
Public Houses						35
Ice Cream Vendors						40
Butcher's Shops						15
Poultry Packers						1

Milk Distributors	4 .		a a			1
Slaughterhouses						13
Meat Inspection						92
Unsound Food						7
Knackers Yard						_
Bakehouse						_
				70-7-1		22.4
				Total	• •	324
Offices, Shops and Railway P	remises	s Act	, 1963			110
· · ·			,			
Infectious Diseases:—						
Infectious Disease	• •	• •	• •	• •		7
Infectious contacts			• •			I
Food Poisoning investigat			• •			7
Dysentery investigations,			• •			1
<b>*</b>	Conta			• •	• •	
Pathological specimens co	llected		• •			10
Fumigations	• •	• •	• •		• •	
				Total		26
				Total	• •	
Rodent Control:—						99
Building Byelaws:—						
Davadations						100
Buildings in course of ere		• •	• •	• •	• •	
Drains inspected and test		• •	• •	• •	• •	293 457
Completed properties		• •	0 0	• •	* *	321
mi. The first	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	79
Planning	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	
				Total		1,250
Miscellaneous:—						
Sundry visits						98
Interviews			• •			123
Sewage Works						54
Sewerage						67
Refuse tips						20
Diseases of animals				•		_
Biological specimens						
Disposal of dead						
Ineffective visits						3
Footpaths and bridle roa	ds					1
						2 2
Fire Prevention						
Painting contracts						473
Trade effluent samples			• •			_
Shelters	• •	• •				8
Pumping Stations	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	
Smoke observations		 ' al r .			• •	12
Deposit Gauge and Lead						20
	• •			• •	• •	363
Boarding Establishments			• •	• •	• •	4
Scrap Metal Dealers		• •	• •	• •	• •	4
NI				Total		1254
Noise Abatement Act, 1960						

A complaint from residents of Newton Aycliffe regarding noise from a factory was investigated and the owners advised on precautions to be taken.



### SECTION C.

### HOUSING

### **Erection of New Houses**

The total number of houses at the 31st December was 8,386 and the number of houses built during the year is shown in the attached table.

New Houses completed during year	With State Assistance	Unaided	Total 1965	Total 1964
(a) By Local Authority  *(b) By any other Housing Authority  (c) By private persons	 4 192 —	125	4 192 125	5 226 84

<sup>\*</sup>Includes houses built at Newton Aycliffe.

### Improvement Grants—Housing Act, 1959

### 1. Discretionary Grants

		No. of Separate Houses
	(a) Applications approved by Local Authority during the year	13
	(b) Total number of applications approved since inception of scheme	247
	Amounts paid in grants by the Council during the year	£3,905 0s. 0d.
	Total amounts paid in grants by the Council since the inception of scheme	£64,987 10s. 6d.
2.	Standard Grants	
	(a) Applications approved by Local Authority during the year	13
	(b) Total number of applications approved since inception of scheme	129
	Amount paid in grants by the Council during the year	£1,735 8s. 6d.
	Total amount paid in grants by the Council since the inception of scheme	£10,563 16s. 9d.

### **Council Houses**

There were 4 Council houses built during the year. Proposals are nearing completion for the erection in the early part of next year of twelve houses, seventeen aged persons bungalows, one warden's house with six aged persons flatlets on the Aycliffe Vicarage Site. The Council considered towards the end of the year proposals in connection with the purchase of sub-standard property at Hurworth and Hurworth Place for the erection of further Council houses.

### Rent Act, 1957

There were no applications for certificates of disrepair.

### HOUSES IN CLEARANCE AREAS AND UNFIT HOUSES ELSEWHERE

A			Number of houses	-				
	In Or Adjoining	Unfit for human habitation	Number of separate dwellings contained therein	_				
	CLEARANCE AREAS		Number of houses	-				
	declared under Section 42	Included by reason of bad arrangement	Number of separate dwellings contained therein	_				
	of the Housing Act, 1957	On land acquired under Section 43 (2)	Number of houses	_				
Houses		Housing Act, 1957	Number of separate dwellings contained therein					
		As a result of formal or informal pro-	Number of Houses					
Demolished		cedure under Section 16 or Section 17 (1) Housing Act, 1957	Number of separate dwellings contained therein	1				
		Local authority owned houses certified	Number of Houses	_				
	Not In Or Adjoining	unfit by the Medical Officer of Health	Number of separate dwellings contained therein	_				
	CLEARANCE AREAS	Houses unfit for human habitation where	Number of houses	-				
		action has been taken under local Acts	Number of separate dwellings contained therein	_				
		Houses included in unfitness orders made under para 2 of the Second Schedule	Number of houses					
		to the land compensation Act, 1961	Number of separate dwellings contained therein	_				
		parate dwellings included above which	Reported as closed up to 31st December, 1964					
	were previou	sly reported as closed	Reported as closed since 31st December, 1964	-				
В	Under Sections	16 (4), 17 (1) and 35 (1) Housing Act,	Number of houses	10				
Unfit	1957 and Section 26 Housing Act, 1961  Number of separate dwellings contained therein							
Houses Closed	Under Sections	Under Sections 17 (3) and 26 Housing Act, 1957  Number of houses  Number of separate dwellings						
elosing orders or undertakings	- Sections	Tr (5) and 25 Housing Act, 1957	Number of separate dwellings contained therein	_				
	PARTS OF BUIL Act, 1957	DINGS CLOSED under Section 18 Housing	Number of dwellings					
С	From houses to	be demolished in or adjoining clearance ar	eas	_				
Number of Persons	From houses to	be demolished not in or adjoining clearance	e areas	_				
Displaced	From houses to	be closed		1				
	From parts of	buildings to be closed						
D		be demolished in or adjoining clearance ar		_				
Number of Families	From houses to	be demolished not in or adjoining clearance	e areas	_				
Displaced	From houses to	be closed		1				
		buildings to be closed		_				
E		action by local authority	by owner	11				
	After formal no	tiee under Sections 9 and 16, Housing Act, 19	57 (a) by owner  (b) by local authority	3				
Unfit Houses Made Fit	After formal no	otice under Public Health Acts	(o) by local authority	_				
Wade Pit		ion or revocation of a clearance order under S		_				
		ation of a demolition order under Section 24		2				
	Atter determina	ation of a closing order under Section 27 Ho	using Act, 1961	_				

F Houses in which		nedied (Other than unnotice under Public	infit houses made fit) Health Acts		
G			Under Section 48	Number of houses Number of separate dwellings contained therein	
Unfit Houses in Temporary Use	Position At End of	Retained for temporary accommodation	Under Section 17 (2)	Number of houses Number of separate dwellings contained therein	
(Housing Act, 1957)	YEAR	accommodation	Under Section 46	Number of houses Number of separate dwellings contained therein	_
		Licensed for temp	oorary accommodation u	nder section 34 or 53 -	
H Purchase of Houses by		rance areas other the	nan those included in	Number of houses	
Agreement			purchase orders.	Number of occupants	

SLUM CLEARANCE. PROGRESS REPORT, 1965

Total number	of houses dealt with	since 1956	4	78	5	26	16	∞ \	9 ٧	17	16	, en	1	1	1	45	2	57	1	4	83	_	22	26	24	i I	8	~	∞	467	70+
with	e fit	Informally				_		1			J		1	1	1	2	_	2	1			1	1	1		1	1	1	1	10	2
Other Houses dealt with	Made fit	Formally		_	1	1	l	l			_	1	1	1	1	1		_	1	1	_	-	1	2	1	I	1	1	1	9	·
Other	Dy Ordare	by Orders		1	1	1	1	I	l		_	۱.	1	1	1	1	1	_	I	I	_	1	1	2	I	I	1	1	1	~	ָי ר
Houses	to be	מכמור אוווו	1	2		9	1	_	-	-	1	_	1	1	1	_	S	4	1	1	4	1	7	1	∞	_	_	I	_	38	
	rouses ucant with	Coci Simpo		ı		1		1.	_		ı	1	I	1	- Constitution	1	1	4	1	I	_	1	1	I	1		ı		1	000	
11	for 1061	5061—1061		16	_	9			- (	4 —	5	_		1	J	6	~	01			7	1	7	ı	01	_	_	_	_	84	
	PARISH		Archdeacon Newton	iffe	npton	opton	it Burdon	Kwell	Orangerton	Coniscliffe, High	Coniscliffe, Low	uoi	Dinsdale, Low	East & West Newbiggin	Great Stainton	hington	Houghton le Side	worth		Stainton	Middleton-StGeorge	ion Falms	nam	ebridge agbridge	erge erg	pnr uinq	merhouse	vorth	SSOe	1	
			Archdeacc	Aycliffe	Barmpton	Bishopton	Great Burdon	Blackwell	Coatham	Coniscliffe	Coniscliffe	Denton	Dinsdale,	East & W	Great Star	Heighington	Houghton	Hurworth	Killerby	Little Stainton	Middleton	Morton Palms	Neasham	Piercebridge	Sadberge	Sockburn	Summerhouse	Walworth	w nessoe		

Houses in 5 year plan 1961-1965				84
Houses dealt with				8
Houses remaing to be dealt with				38
Other Houses dealt with				21
Total Houses dealt with by Closing,	Demoliti	on Or	ders,	
or made fit	• •			29
Total Houses dealt with since 1956				467

### Overcrowding

No cases of statutory overcrowding as such were reported during the year but applications are still being received from families "living in" for the tenancy of Council houses.

36 such applications were made as compared with 25 the previous year.

### **Applications for Council Houses**

### APPLICANTS RESIDING IN RURAL AREA

Villages where Houses	Counc	l Houses	Aged persons Bungalows				
are required	No. with homes of their own	No. without homes of their own	No. with homes of their own	No. without homes of their own			
Aycliffe, Great	31 2 2 2 14 21 18 	2 1 ———————————————————————————————————	34 — 2 — 7 5 19 — 2 2 — 1 2	3 -4 -1 1  			
	119	36	* 74	10			

### Moveable Dwellings—Licensed Sites

There are six licensed sites (for an indefinite period) two for six moveable dwellings (one site not in use) two for two moveable dwellings and two for one moveable dwelling. All twelve caravans are occupied.



### SECTION D.

### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

### Inspection of Meat and Other Foods

There is one licensed slaughterhouse in the district owned by a private person. During the year, 89 meat inspection visits were made when 467 carcases, with a total weight of approximately 38 tons were inspected.

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	100			268	99	_
Number inspected	100			268	99	_
ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS AND CYSTICERCI: Whole carcases condemned	_			_	_	
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	17		_	3	3	_
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tubercul- osis and cysticerci	17.00		_	1.12	3.03	
Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases condemned	_		_	_	_	_
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned				_	3	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuber-culosis	_				3.03	_
Cysticercosis: Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	_	_	_	_	_	_

Carcases and portions thereof and organs having a total weight of 1 cwt. 2 stones were found to be diseased or otherwise unfit for human consumption and were disposed of accordingly.

### Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959

There are nine registered distributors of milk in the area.

### Milk (Special Designations) Regulations, 1963

The above regulations are now the responsibility of the Food and Drugs Authority, Durham County Council.

During 1965 the following samples were taken in the area by the County Council.

DESIGNATION		No	. TAKEN	N RESULTS
Tuberculin tested	• •	• •	29	24 passed. 5 failed Methylene blue test.
T.T. Pasteurised			27	All passed.
Pasteurised			_	
Sterilised			6	All passed.

One sample was taken from hospitals and schools in the area.

### FOOD PREMISES

### Shops

### Food Hygiene

The arrangements made in new food premises necessary for compliance with the Food Hygiene Regulations were satisfactory.

Throughout the district the standard of hygiene was good.

### Food Vans

Many travelling shops and food vans continued to serve the area, particularly at Newton Aycliffe. Inspections of these were made as the opportunity occurred and they operate in a satisfactory manner.

### Other Food Premises

There is in the district a poultry packing station, the condition of which was found to be unsatisfactory and the owner/occupier was instructed to carry out the necessary improvements.

### Registration of Food Premises, Food and Drugs Act, 1955, Section 16

There were no new applications for registration of premises for the preparation or manufacture of sausages or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food intended for sale.

# FOOD PREMISES

Total		227 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	160
Canteens		<u>0                                   </u>	21
Cafec	Sales	2-   2	9
ises	P.H. & Hotels	ww   u-   -uwv4u	33
Licensed Premises	Shops		3
Licer	Clubs	4  -  -         -     -	∞
Miscel- laneous	Green	·	6
Cranaci	Dealers		20
0	provisions	∞- -    - «4« -	22
Fish Shop	cooked)	7 -	9
Distribute	Duicileis		14
Confec-	tioners	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	15
	bakers	-	3
		Aycliffe, Newton Aycliffe, Great Barmpton Bishopton Blackwell Brafferton Coatham Mundeville Coniscliffe, High Coniscliffe, Low Dinsdale, Low Great Stainton Heighington Heighington Heighington Heighington Streat Stainton Heighington Whesham Piercebridge Sadberge Summerhouse Whessoe	

There are no manufacturers of ice cream in the area.

Registered premises are shown in the following table:

		Sale and Storage of Ice Cream	The preparation or manufacture of sausage, pickled or preserved food
Newton Aycliffe		 7	1
Aycliffe, Great		 5	1
High Coniscliffe		 1	_
Heighington		 5	1
Hurworth		 8	3
Middleton-StGe	orge	 8	_
Piercebridge		 1	
Whessoe		 2	
Bishopton		 1	_
Sadberge '		 2	_
		<del></del>	-
		40	6
		==	

### **Educational Activity**

Educational activities took the form of visits to Food premises and discussion with food handlers.

With the growth of Newton Aycliffe the number of larger shops in the area is increasing while in the villages the family business still predominates.

With new shops educational activity begins with the planning of the premises and discussion with the prospective occupiers while visits, discussions and instructions to the staff of existing premises help to maintain a satisfactory standard of hygiene generally.

### SECTION E.

### CLEAN AIR AND FACTORIES ACT

### Industrial Premises

There are 84 industrial premises with furnaces and 75 of these are on the North East Trading Estate at Aycliffe.

Two prior approval certificates were issued during the year.

### Chimney Heights

During the year the heights of 3 chimneys were approved in respect of Byelaw applications for chimneys in connection with boiler plants.

### **Domestic Premises**

The following table shows the average monthly deposits of water insoluble matter at Newton Aycliffe to be 3.94 tons per square mile. This is higher than recorded at E. D. Walker Homes, and the Memorial Hospital, Darlington, which are both in residential areas.

The estimate of sulphur dioxide at Newton Aycliffe of 0.92 microgrammes of SO<sub>3</sub> per 100 square centimetres per day is higher than was recorded in the heavy industrial area of Albert Hill, Darlington, where readings averaged only 0.79.

The average concentration of smoke during the year was 259 microgrammes per cubic meter which compares unfavourably with the concentration at Darlington County Borough of 207 microgrammes during the same period.

The above figures, while not indicating serious pollution of the atmosphere, afford evidence of the amount of pollution caused by domestic chimneys.

Work was carried out in the making of Smoke Control Areas in Newton Aycliffe, the first of which is to be in operation on 1st July, 1966. A mobile exhibition of solid fuel appliances visited Newton Aycliffe.

### Complaint regarding smell

- (a) Newton Aycliffe. Smells from the Industrial Estate continued to give rise to complaints from residents of Newton Aycliffe. The assistance of the Alkali Inspector of the Ministry of Housing and Local Government was again generously given in an effort to trace the source of the complaints and recommendations were made to firms on the Estate to eliminate or reduce the smells.
- (b) Hurworth. The Tees-side haze smell was again noticed in the village and the Alkali Inspector of the Ministry of Housing and Local Government was informed on each occasion.

# DEPOSIT GAUGE AND LEAD PEROXIDE INSTRUMENT

Dec.	1		Dec.	1.10	1.30	Dec	1 1 1	611 48 199
Nov.	1		Nov.	1.40	0.93	Zov.	111	472
Oct.	1	11	Oct.	0.95	0.79	Oct.		370 9 147
Sept.	0.99	2.71	Sept. per day	0.37	0.56	Sept. meter	111	111
il May June July August Sept. Water insoluble matter in tons per sq. mile	1.18	2.21	April May June July August Sept. Milligrams of SO <sub>3</sub> per 100 square centimetres per day	0.14	0.34	METRIC SMOKE FILTER  Irch April May June July August Se Smoke concentration in microgrammes per cubic meter		111
July in tons p	2.68	2.71	July quare cer	0.47	0.44	July rammes p	84 130 27	111
June le matter	1.17	8.67	June per 100 s	0.71	0.52	FILTER June n in microgi	84 161 14	
May r insolub	3.80	3.34	May s of SO <sub>3</sub>	0.97	0.68	IOKE FI May ntration i	112 180 43	111
April Wate	9.41	2.54	April Milligram	1.10	0.75	VOLUMETRIC SMOKE  March April May Smoke concentration	165 360 68	
March	6.01	1.27	March	1.14	1.10	OLUMET March Smo	268 504 68	404 92 220
Feb.	2.13	3.93	r dioxide Feb.	0.83	0.74	Veb.	257 576 10	396 16 174
Jan.	6.35	1.70	of sulphur Jan.	1.83	1.36	Jan.	253 604 84	NE PARK 484 16 228
	:	* *	iates (	:	:		: : :	SKER ::
	•	::	-Estin	:	:		: : :	:: ::
Deposit Gauge Site	DARLINGTON R.D.C. Newton Aycliffe	DARLINGTON C.B. E.D. Walker Homes Memorial Hospital	Lead Peroxide Instrument—Estimates of sulphur Site	DARLINGTON R.D.C. Newton Aycliffe	DARLINGTON C.B. Albert Hill	DARLINGTON R.D.C.	Newton Aycliffe Average Highest Lowest	Darlington County Borough Skerne Park Highest 484 Lowest 16 Average 228
DEPC	DAR	DAR E.	Lead	DAR	DAR	DAR	Z	DAI

# PRESCRIBED PARTICULARS ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1937 to 1959.

### PART 1 OF THE ACT.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

	Number		Number of	
PREMISES (1)	on Register	Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occu's. Pr'secuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority	14	6		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authy.	130	52	2	
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	35	69	_	_
Totals	179	127	2	

### 2. Cases in which Defects were found.

PARTICULARS (1)	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	to H.M.	Referred by H.M. Inspector (5)	in which
Want of cleanliness (S.1) Overcrowding (S.2) Unreasonable	_	_		_	_
Temperature (S.3) Inadequate drainage of floors (S.6)	_		_	_	_
Sanitary conveniences (S.9) (a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or	4	3		4	_
defective (c) Not separate	2	2		2	_
for sexes Other offences against the Act (not inclu-	_	_	_	_	_
ding offences re- lating to Outwork)	12	12*			
	18	17		6	_

<sup>\*</sup>Means of Escape in Case of Fire (Certificate).

### Factories Acts 1937 to 1961.

During the year the Durham County Fire Brigade Service Officers made 12 inspections of factories and following the execution of their recommendation 12 certificates for Means of Escape in Case of Fire were issued. The total number of certificates issued and in force are 55. There are no basement factories in your area.

### Agriculture (Safety, Health and Welfare Provisions) Act, 1956

General conditions are satisfactory. It was still not found possible to complete all the records of the size of farms, number of men employed and toilet facilities, for this report.

### SECTION F.

### OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

During 1965 informal notices were served in respect of 213 contraventions of the Act in eighty premises, details of which are shown below:—

DETAILS OF CONTRAVENTIONS		No.	of cases
Abstracts of Act not displayed	 		44
Lack of cleanliness	 		6
Heating below minimum	 		8
Thermometers not provided	 		48
Ventilation inadequate	 		3
Lighting below minimum	 		62
Defective floors	 		3
Absence of first aid box	 		12
Absence of accommodation for cloth			1
Washing facilities not up to standard			18
Staircase unsatisfactory	 		1
Shared sanitary accommodation	 		7
			213

From these figures it will be seen that the main contraventions were in respect of the requirement to display abstracts of the act. In 44 premises no abstracts were displayed or available. In 48 premises no thermometers were provided and in 62 premises lighting standards were below the minimum as recommended by the Illuminating Engineering Society.

Two accidents were reported during the year and one of these was investigated.

## Copy of Report submitted under Section 60 of the Act to the Ministry of Labour

TABLE A—REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Total number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving general inspection during
(1)	(2)	(3)	the year (4)
Offices	1 17 —	22 75 4	18 75 4
Catering establishments open the public, canteens Fuel storage depots	 2	13	13
Totals	 20	114	110

# TABLE B—Number of Visits of all kinds by Inspectors to Registered Premises

110

# TABLE C—Analysis of Persons Employed in Registered Premises by Workplace

Class o	of workpl	lace				Number of persons employed (2)
Offices						162
Retail shops	•	•	• •	• •	• •	423
Wholesale departments,	. wareh	ouses	•			14
Catering establishments			public			116
Canteens						
Fuel storage depots .						
•						
Total						715
						===
TOTAL MALES .						276
TOTAL FEMALES						439
ABLE D—EXEMPTIONS	Ni	1.				
ABLE E—Prosecutions						
	Ni	1.				
ABLE F—Inspectors						
No. of Inspectors appoint (5) of the Act .	nted ur	nder S	Section 	52 (1)	or 	2
No. of other Staff employ work in connection wi			of thei	r time	on	Nil.

### SECTION G.

### **MISCELLANEOUS**

### Rag Flock and other Filling Materials Act and Regulations, 1951

There are no manufacturers in the district but three registered premises where these materials are used are situated on Aycliffe Trading Estate.

### Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1959

During the year it was not possible to carry out maintenance treatments of sewers in the district.

Four local authority properties, ninety-five dwelling houses were found to be infested and successfully treated.

Ninety-five complaints were received during the year and dealt with.

The following infestations of vermin were dealt with:—

Flies	 	4	Wasps		 	5
Clover Mite	 	6	Silverfish	• •	 	5
Cockroaches	 	1	Book Lice		 	2
Woodworm	 	8				

One dirty house was sprayed with insecticide and one house disinfected.

### Petroleum (Regulations) Act, 1928-36

During the year petrol installations were examined by officers of the County Fire Brigade Service and recommendations made regarding requirements.

There were seventy-five licences issued in connection with the storage of petroleum spirit and four new licences issued.

The number of installations in the various parishes is shown below:—

Aycliffe	28	Dinsdale, Low	1	Sadberge	5
Coatham Mund.	1	Great Burdon	2	Summerhouse	2
Blackwell	2	Heighington	3	Whessoe	3
Bishopton	4	Hurworth	4	Sockburn	-
Coniscliffe, Low	4	Middleton-StG.	8	Houghton le Sid	e-
Coniscliffe, High	4	Piercebridge	3	Little Stainton	1

### Animal Boarding Establishment Act, 1963

The Council issued three licences covering a total of seventy-eight dogs and six cats.

### Byelaws in force in district

The Council's Building Byelaws were amended on the 7th April, 1952, to allow for the substitution of 7 ft. 6 in. ceiling heights for 8 ft. The amendment in the Byelaws came into effect as and from 1st August, 1952. The same byelaws were amended under Section 61 of the Public Health Act, 1936, and Section 24, Clean Air Act, 1956, to provide for arrangements in buildings for prevention of smoke (1st June, 1959).

New Streets	9th May, 1938.
Food Handling	8th May, 1950.
Byelaws relating to the Sanitary Conditions and Management of Private Slaughterhouses	1st April, 1957.
Nuisance contrary to Public Decency in the Parishes of Great Aycliffe, Heigh- ington, Hurworth and Middleton-St	
George	1st June, 1957.
Fouling of Footways by Dogs, Middleton-StGeorge and Great Aycliffe	1st November, 1961.



